Attorney Docket No. 5725.0656-01 Application No.: 09/685,577

Appendix

Version with markings to show changes made pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.121(c)(1)(ii):

IN THE CLAIMS:

- -1. (Amended) A structured cosmetic composition comprising:
- (a) at least one dyestuff; and
- (b) at least one continuous liquid fatty phase,

wherein said at least one continuous liquid fatty phase is structured with a sufficient amount of at least one structuring polymer which has a weight-average molecular mass ranging up to 30,000 and which comprises:

- a) a polymeric skeleton comprising repeating units comprising at least one hetero atom; and
- b) at least one fatty chain, optionally functionalized, comprising from 12 to 120 carbon atoms, chosen from pendant fatty chains and terminal fatty chains which are bonded to said polymeric skeleton;

wherein said at least one fatty chain is present in a quantity ranging from 40% to 98% of the total number of all said repeating units comprising at least on hetero atom and all said at least one fatty chains;

wherein said structured composition is in the form of a wax-free solid, and wherein said at least one dyestuff, said at least one continuous liquid fatty phase and said at least one structuring polymer form a physiologically acceptable medium.

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- 91. (Amended) A dermatological composition for at least one keratin material, a <u>cosmetic</u> care composition for at least one keratin material, a make-up composition, a body hygiene composition, a sunscreen composition for at least one keratin material, or an after-sun composition for at least one keratin material comprising a composition comprising:
- (a) at least one dyestuff; and
- (b) at least one continuous liquid fatty phase,

wherein said at least one continuous liquid fatty phase is structured with a sufficient amount of at least one structuring polymer which has a weight-average molecular mass ranging up to 30,000 and which comprises:

- a) a polymeric skeleton comprising repeating units comprising at least one hetero atom; and
- b) at least one fatty chain, optionally functionalized, comprising from
 12 to 120 carbon atoms, chosen from pendant fatty chains and
 terminal fatty chains which are bonded to said polymeric skeleton;

wherein said at least one fatty chain is present in a quantity ranging from 40% to 98% of the total number of all said repeating units comprising at least one hetero atom and all said at least one fatty chains; and

wherein said composition is in the form of a structured, wax-free solid.

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- 178. (Amended) A structured <u>cosmetic</u> composition comprising:
- (a) at least one dyestuff; and
- (b) at least one continuous liquid fatty phase,

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wherein said at least one continuous liquid fatty phase is structured with a sufficient amount of at least one structuring polymer which has a weight-average molecular mass ranging up to 30,000 and which comprises:

- a) a polymeric skeleton comprising repeating units comprising at least one non-pendant hetero atom; and
- b) at least one fatty chain, optionally functionalized, comprising from 12 to 120 carbon atoms, chosen from pendant fatty chains and terminal fatty chains which are bonded to said polymeric skeleton;

wherein said at least one fatty chain is present in a quantity ranging from 40% to 98% of the total number of all said repeating units comprising at least one non-pendant hetero atom and all said at least one fatty chains;

wherein said structured composition is in the form of a wax-free solid, and wherein said at least one dyestuff, said at least one continuous liquid fatty phase and said at least one structuring polymer form a physiologically acceptable medium.

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corrupt c smeticize

* state of spreecing or conforming. Z Similaring a Communication by the exchange of length written or received. — adj. 1. Of relating to the correspondence. 2. Of relating to, or one of the correspondence.

th correspondence. 2. Of, relating to, or you want to mail. — corr'te-spont'en-cy or no mail. — correspondence of classical physical flarge quantum numbers. — characteristic section of a school of a schoo

in nearly the same relationship, as accompany of 3.3. Having been assigned the responsibility of a inications. b. Participating at a distance from the amount ingety adv.

antentions. or retriespacing at a distance from the roup. — cor're-spond'ing-ty adv. spon-sive (kor'l-spon'six, kor'l ad). Jointly to cor're-spon'sixe-ty adv.

- cor're-spon's sive-iy adv.

Is (kô-rê'dɔ, -rhà) n. A bullfight. [Sp. < p.pan, run < Lai. currere. See kers-*.]

for (kōr'i-dar, -dôr', kor'r) n. 1. A narrow has cway, or gallery, often with rooms or aparameth to n. Za. A tract of land forming a passage has that allows an inland country access to the dark.

that allows an inland country access to the kealing of country. B. A restricted tract of land for the has c. C. Restricted airspace for the passage of an restricted path followed by a spacecraft on a part of. 3. A thickly populated strip of land connecting or the country of t

re urban areas. — ATIONTA was and rule. [Fr. < [lqt] he powerful leaders work and rule. [Fr. < [lqt] he correre, to run < Lat. surrere. See kers.—] he kôr 'ê, n. A round hollow in a hillside; a he correre and the corresponding to the couldron. See

kår'ê. kôr'e] n. A round hollow in a hillside; a cl. corre. hollow, cauldron < Oir., cauldron; a cl. corre. hollow, cauldron < Oir., cauldron; a cl. corre. hollow, cauldron < Oir. cauldron; a cl. corre. hollow, cauldron < Oir. Cauldron; a cl. cauldron; kôr'e-in. kor. cauldron; kôr'e-in. kor. cauldron; kôr'e-in. p. cauldron; kôr'e-in. p. cauldron; kôr'e-in. p. cauldron; kôr'e-in. caul

b. The condition produced by corrosing 2. A ke such as rust, tornied by corroding. [ME corona on or passes < Off. corrosion < Med.Lat, come

time, the act of gnawing < Lat. corrosus, p.pan.

ere, to gnaw away, See CORRODE.

ere, to gnaw away, See corroot. I we karefor any airy ady. I. Having the capabling to cause corrosion. Z. Gradually destructive; sease it corrosing anxiety. 3. Spitchully saccessic: comm. A substance having the capability to cause one-cor-ro-falve-ty adv. — cor-ro-falve-ness n. e sublimate n. See mercurle chloride. gate (kor-gat', kor-) r. c. mir.v., gat'ed. ge atter. To shape or become shaped into folds or parkermaning ridges and grooves. (Lat. corregive, corriging kile up: corn. com. — rigger, to wrinkle (< se. — cor'ru-gat'ed (-ga'fid), cor'ru-gate' ad ted fron n. A structural sheet iron, usu, gabtess in parallel furrows and ridges for rigidity.

in parallel furrows and ridges for rigidity.)a-tion /kôr/a-gi/shan, kôr/-) n. 1.B. The actor pr

b. The state of being corrugated. 2. A corrugation a corrugated surface.

of order of adj. 1. Marked by unmorality and perversion (isotopi) easily dishonest: a corrupt mayor. 3. Considerated of alternations, as a text. 4. Archaic. Tainsed. braved 2 Venai; autometic a corrupt mayor. S. Contributes of alterations, as a text. 4. Archaic. Tainted
from rupting rupts. — 17. 1. To destroy
the honesty of integrity of. 2. To run
the honesty of integrity of. 2. To run of aircrainnes, as a text. 4. Archaic. Tainted; rupts errors of ed. rupt ing. rupts. - 17. 1. To destroy of the honesty or integrity of. 2. To rum morally; and of the honesty of integrity of. 2. To cause to become rostical of the state of the original form of a text, for exercising 3. 5. To change the original form of a text, for exercising 3. 5. To change the original form of a text, for exercising a text of the state of the stat

one that corrupts.

The state of being corrupt. Z. Decay: rot. 3. Armine meeting that corrupts.

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Cat's season (kôr'si-kin's). A city of NE TX 55E of Dallas. (87 d-3 na (kôr'si-kin's). A city of NE TX 55E of Dallas. (87 d-3 na (kôr'si-kin's). A city of NE TX 55E of Dallas. (87 d-3 na). The control of the control

pl-ble (kör/i-j-bal, kör/-) adı. Capable of being reformed or improved (ME < OFr. < Meding < Lar. corrigere. 10 correct. See consucr.] - car. (lety n. — corr'il-gir by adı. cal (kər/i'val, kö-) n. A rival or an opponent. 11 crivalis : com-. com- rivalis, rival: see anyal. — or ant (kər/bi/rant) adı. car. Produon; ting physics) vigor. Used of a medicine. Produon; ting physics) vigor. Used of a redenie. Carroborated my story. (Lat. corroborate, com-, corroborated my story. (Lat. corroborate, com-, corroborated my story. (Lat. corroborate, com-, corroborated my story.) Lat. corroborated my story. (Lat. corroborate, com-, corroborated my story.) Lat. corroborated my story. (Lat. corroborate display. Corroborated my story.) Lat. corroborated my story. Corroborated my story. (Lat. corroborate display. Corroborated my story.) Lat. Corroborated my story. (Lat. corroborated my sto

Sourier (course - ittefor) - -azr-

on troinn in see ACTH. (control - - TROP(it) - - rt.)

grant of hormones including correspond (fortists) = -18, grant of hormones including correspond (fortists) = -18, grantsol (kör'ti-söl', -zöl', -söl', -zöl') n. See hydrocorri-tine 1, [contines] = -oul.] grantsone (kör'ti-sön', -zön') n. A naturally occurring corr-position, (51H2gO), that functions primarily in carbohy-use metabolism and is used in the treatment of rheumatoid many adrenal insufficiency, certain allergies, and gour. [A]

manus, adread insulficiency, certain allergies, and gout. [Almin of conticostanose.]

fortund (kôrt/land). A city of central NY 5 of Syracuse;

card in 1792. Pop. 19.801.

fortund (kôrt/land) ii. A large red-skinned cultivated vari
no apple. [After Cortland, a county of central NY.]

bran-dum (ko-rûn/dom) ii. An extremely hard mineral, alu
min oxide, Al₂O₃, that occurs in gem varieties such as ruby.

Syracushie and iii. a compon form used chiefs in a branby. supphire and in a common form used chiefly in abrasives.

minus-cane (ko-ros/kone) adj. Giving corth flashes of light.

cor-us-cate körfa-skårf, körf- mirat, -cat-ed, -cat-ing, cates. 1. To give torth flashes of light; sparkle and chiter: corum stong diamonds, 2. To exhibit sparkling virtuosin. Lat. cornicating attamonas, 2. to exhibit sparking virtuosit, i.at. constalts, contistit, to flash.] = cor'us-ca' don n. Coryviel'is sieved 15th. A city of W OR on the Williamette R SSN of Salem. Pop. 44.757. cor'vee skors'd', ker've''n 1. Labor exacted by a local authority to latte or see any or restand a stated by a local authority to latte or see any or restand.

thereve tor little or no pay or instead of taxes and used espin the maintenance of roads, 2. A day of unpaid work required of a vasual by a feudal lord, [Fr. conver and ME correlated to CFr. coroces

Med.Lat. (opera, coronguia, work requested < Lat. corrogare, to summon together : com-. comrogare, to ask: see reg. .!

regare. to ask; see [eg.-];
corves (kôrver) n. 1. A fast, lightly armed warship, smaller than a destrover, often armed for antisubmarine operations. 2. An objecte sailing warship, smaller than a frigate, usu, armed with one tier of guns. [Fr. 5 kind of warship, smaller than a frigate.] usu, armed with one tier of guns, [Fri. 3 kind of warship, prob. < MDu, coef, basker, amall ship, See cost., cor+vi-na (kôr-vê/na) w, Var. of corônia.

cor+vine (kôr/vin', -vin) adr. Ot, resembling, or characteristic of crows, [Eat. corvinus < corrus, raven.]

o) crows. (Edi. corrunts & corrun, raven.)
Cor-vus (kör/vus. n. A constellation in the Southern Hemisphere near Crater and Virgo. [Lat. corruns. raven.]
Cor-v-bant (kör/u-bānt/, kör/u. n., pl. -bants or -ban-ves (-bān/tet/). Gk. Myth. A priest of Cvbele whose rites were celebrated with cestatic dances. — Cor/y-ban/tit adi.
co-ryd-a-lis (ku-rid/l-is) n. Any of various heros of the penus

cereorated with cestains dances. — or y han in this.

Corydaln, native chiefly to northern temperate regions and having finely divided leaves and spurred flowers. NLat. Corydalns, genus name < Gk. korudalns, cressed lark is the shape of the flowers! < korudals, ceresed lark is the shape of the flowers! < korudals, cressed lark is the shape of the flowers! < korudals, served lark is the charter in which the flower stalks grow upward from various points of the main stem to approximately the same height. Fr. corymble < Lat. corymbles, flower banch < Gk. korunt-bost, head, See ker. [1] — cor'ym-bose' (sim-bos'), corymbose (ka-rim'bos) adp. — cor'ym-bose' (sim-bos'), corym-bose bac-to-tl-iim (kbd's-n-bolk-sit'e-am, ka-rin'a-) n. Any of various gram-positive rod-shaped bacteria of the genus Corymebacterium, which includes many animal and plant pathogens. [NLas. Corymebacterium, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [1] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [2] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [3] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [4] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [5] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [5] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6] — acctianva, genus name: Gk. korune, club; see ker. [6

co-ryme+form (k=rin'=form') adj. Having the shape of a cornebacterium (controlated) = -room.]

cor*y*phae*us (kôr'=fê'ss, kôr': n., pl. -phae*l (-fê'i'),

1. The leader of Gk. korrphano < korrphé, head. Sec kors.*!

cor*y*phée (kôr!=fŝ', kôr':) n. A ballet dancer ranking below a toloist and performing in small ensembles. (Fr. < Lat. coryptaes), leader. Sec contribute.

cor*y*phée (kôr!=soc contribute.)

cor*y*phée (kôr!=soc contribute.)

catarrh.)

catarth.]

cos² (kôs, kôs) n. See romaine. [After Cos (Kos).]

cos³ (kôs, kôs). See Kos.

cos-see cant (kôs,sê/kânt', -kont) n. Math. 1. The reciprocal of
the sinc of an angle in a right triangle. 2. The secant of the
complement of a directed angle or are.

cos-sels-mal (kô-siz'mal, -sis'²) also cos-sels-mic (-mik).

— adi. Relating to or being a line connecting the points on a mag that indicate the places simultaneously affected by an earthquaké shock. — n. A coseismal line. Cosen-za (kö-zén/sa, kö-zén/tsa, A city of S Italy SE of Na-

ples. Pop. 105:806.

cosh (kösh) Chiefly British ii. A weighted weapon similar to a blackpack. [Peth. ~ Romany kosh, sinck.] — cosh ii. co-sign (kösh) "tira. signed. sign-ling, signs. 1. To sign (a document) jointly. 2. To endorse (another's signature), as for

luan. - co-sign er n

Tonn. - co-spirer with the state of the length of

the hypotenuse. 2. The abscissa at the endpoint of an arc of a unit circle centered at the origin of a Cartesian coordinate ystem, the arc being or length x and subtending a positive or

negative angle.
cos inttuce m. Sec romaine.
cos metale (köz-métalköz-m. 1. A proparation designed to beautily the hady by direct application. 2, Something superficial used to cover a deficit or detect. — adi. 1, Serving to beautify the body, esp. the face and hair. 2, Serving to modify or imthe body, esp. the tace and hair. A serving to movie or improve the appearance of a physical feature, defect, or arregularity: cosing the surgery. 3.a. Decorative rather than functional. b. Lagding depth or againteener, superficial: connectionages, Fr. connections & kindled in arranging & knythietos, well-ordered knownem, to arrange & knythietos, well-ordered knownem, to arrange & knythietos.

smos, order.) - cos met/1 cat by adv cos me ti clan (kaz mi-rish an) n. One whose occupation is manufacturing, selling, or applying coverence.

cos: met+i-cize (koz-mer/i-siz/) tr.p. -cized. -ciz-ing. -ciz-es.





a pay DU OU! ໜ່ **took** ໜ້ **boo**t 1 father ù cut ür Urge i plt i ple th thin ir pler hw which zh vision

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(primary); ' (secondary), as in dictionary (dik/sha-nër'i

a about.